

May 11, 2010

The Honorable Johnny Isakson
United States Senate
120 Russell Senate Office Building
Washington, DC 20510

Via Facsimile: 202-228-0724

Dear Senator Isakson:

Private working forests are a critical part of our nation's environmental and economic infrastructure. In addition to open space, recreation, wildlife habitat, clean air and water, and a supply of the products we use daily, working forests are an important source of jobs and a strong economy. In fact, in Georgia, private forests support 128,388 jobs, \$ 6.5 billion in payroll, \$539 million in state income and severance taxes, and produces \$18.3 billion in sales.

Maintaining and developing viable markets for the goods and services produced by working forests ensures that we can conserve them and the many public benefits they provide for the long term.

As the Senate considers renewable energy and climate change legislation, we urge you to support biomass energy as an important emerging market for working forests. Renewable forest biomass for energy is a means to help our nation meet its renewable energy and climate change goals. We strongly urge you to include a broad renewable biomass definition, similar to that of the 2008 Farm Bill, for all relevant federal programs and to appropriately recognize the carbon benefits of biomass energy in any climate or renewable energy legislation considered by the Senate. The Farm Bill definition is substantially similar to the language in the House Waxman-Markey bill language. This language is a common sense and practical approach that enables biomass participation in emerging markets, appropriately considers the sustainability of our lands, and provides economic options to help preserve working farms and forests on the landscape and the many public benefits they provide.

We also strongly urge that the full carbon benefits of renewable energy from biomass be appropriately acknowledged in Senate legislation. Unlike fossil fuels, which emit carbon into the atmosphere from geologic sources that are not renewable, carbon associated with the combustion of biomass is part of a natural cycle that maintains a carbon balance by removing emitted carbon from the atmosphere through photosynthesis and storing it in plants, trees and soil. This balance is reflected in widely-accepted science acknowledging that the combustion of wood biomass for energy in countries with increasing forest inventories, like the United States, does not increase atmospheric carbon. It is also embedded in the policies and analysis of the Environmental Protection

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Agency, the Energy Information Agency and other authoritative and credible government and non-government organizations.

We look forward to working with you to help our nation's private working forests make their full contribution to national renewable energy and climate change policy.

Sincerely,

The Campbell Group, LLC
F&W Forestry Services, Inc.
Forest Investment Associates
Forest Landowners Association
Forest Landowners Tax Council
Forest Resource Consultants, Inc.
Georgia Forestry Association
Hancock Timber Resource Group
Milliken Forestry Company, Inc.
Pine Timber Trucking, Inc.

Pine Timber Wood Production, Inc.
Plum Creek
Rayonier
Resource Management Service, LLC
RMK Timberland Group
Sustainable Solutions Georgia
Timberland Investment Resources, LLC
Wells Timberland
The Westervelt Company
Weyerhaeuser